

State whether each expression is a polynomial. If it is not a polynomial, tell why not.

1) $\frac{1}{80}z^3$

2) $a^8 - \frac{1}{5}a + \frac{b}{574a}$

3) $17m^{-1}n^2 = \frac{17n^2}{m^{-1}}$

Polynomial

Not a polynomial
 \rightarrow no variables
 in
 denominator

Not a polynomial
 \rightarrow no negative
 exponents
 \rightarrow no variables
 in
 denominator

4) $2x + 6z - 3y$

5) $x^{\frac{3}{4}} + 2x - 4$

6) $4st^3 + 1.2t^2 - 0.8st$

Polynomial

Not a polynomial
 \rightarrow no fraction
 exponents

Polynomial

7) $\sqrt{34} + 3x$

8) $|3x - 7|$

9) $\frac{3x}{8} + 2 - 5x^3 + xy$

Polynomial

Not a polynomial
 \rightarrow No variables
 in side
 "special symbols"

Polynomial

Write each polynomial in standard form. Then name each polynomial based on its degree and number of terms.

$$10) 2p^4 + p^3$$

$$SF: 2p^4 + p^3$$

Quartic

Binomial

$$11) -10a$$

$$SF: -10a$$

Linear

Monomial

$$12) 2x^2 + 4x^3$$

$$SF: 4x^3 + 2x^2$$

cubic

Binomial

$$13) 1$$

$$SF: 1$$

Constant
Monomial

$$14) 8w^2 - 5w^3 + 2w^5$$

$$SF: 2w^5 - 5w^3 + 8w^2$$

Quintic
Trinomial

$$15) -7n^4 + 7n^7 - 5 + 9n$$

$$SF: 7n^7 - 7n^4 + 9n - 5$$

7th degree
Polynomial with
4 terms

$$16) b^4 + 4b^6$$

$$SF: 4b^6 + b^4$$

6th degree
binomial

$$17) -4 - 2a^2 + 8a$$

$$SF: -2a^2 + 8a - 4$$

Quadratic
Trinomial

$$18) 4x - 9x^2 + 4x^3 + 3$$

$$SF: 4x^3 - 9x^2 + 4x + 3$$

Cubic Polynomial
with 4 terms